The Cities of Bryan and College Station both require storm drainage design to follow these Unified Stormwater Design Guidelines. Paragraph C2 of Section III (Administration) requires submittal of a drainage report in support of the drainage plan (stormwater management plan) proposed in connection with land development projects, both site projects and subdivisions. That report may be submitted as a traditional prose report, complete with applicable maps, graphs, tables and drawings, or it may take the form of a "Technical Design Summary". The format and content for such a summary report shall be in substantial conformance with the description in this Appendix to those Guidelines. In either format the report must answer the questions (affirmative or negative) and provide, at minimum, the information prescribed in the "Technical Design Summary" in this Appendix.

The Stormwater Management Technical Design Summary Report shall include several parts as listed below. The information called for in each part must be provided as applicable. In addition to the requirements for the Executive Summary, this Appendix includes several pages detailing the requirements for a Technical Design Summary Report as forms to be completed. These are provided so that they may be copied and completed or scanned and digitized. In addition, electronic versions of the report forms may be obtained from the City. Requirements for the means (medium) of submittal are the same as for a conventional report as detailed in Section III of these Guidelines.

Note: Part 1 – Executive Summary must accompany any drainage report <u>required</u> to be provided in connection with any land development project, regardless of the format chosen for said report.

Note: Parts 2 through 6 are to be provided via the forms provided in this Appendix. Brief statements should be included in the forms as requested, but additional information should be attached as necessary.

- Part 1 Executive Summary Report
- Part 2 Project Administration
- Part 3 Project Characteristics
- Part 4 Drainage Concept and Design Parameters
- Part 5 Plans and Specifications
- Part 6 Conclusions and Attestation

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT TECHNICAL DESIGN SUMMARY REPORT

Part 1 – Executive Summary

This is to be a brief prose report that must address each of the seven areas listed below. Ideally it will include one or more paragraphs about each item.

- 1. Name, address, and contact information of the engineer submitting the report, and of the land owner and developer (or applicant if not the owner or developer). The date of submittal should also be included.
- 2. Identification of the size and general nature of the proposed project, including any proposed project phases. This paragraph should also include reference to

applications that are in process with either City: plat(s), site plans, zoning requests, or clearing/grading permits, as well as reference to any application numbers or codes assigned by the City to such request.

- 3. The location of the project should be described. This should identify the Named Regulatory Watershed(s) in which it is located, how the entire project area is situated therein, whether the property straddles a watershed or basin divide, the approximate acreage in each basin, and whether its position in the Watershed dictates use of detention design. The approximate proportion of the property in the city limits and within the ETJ is to be identified, including whether the property straddles city jurisdictional lines. If any portion of the property is in floodplains as described in Flood Insurance Rate Maps published by FEMA that should be disclosed.
- 4. The hydrologic characteristics of the property are to be described in broad terms: existing land cover; how and where stormwater drains to and from neighboring properties; ponds or wetland areas that tend to detain or store stormwater; existing creeks, channels, and swales crossing or serving the property; all existing drainage easements (or ROW) on the property, or on neighboring properties if they service runoff to or from the property.
- 5. The general plan for managing stormwater in the entire project area must be outlined to include the approximate size, and extent of use, of any of the following features: storm drains coupled with streets; detention / retention facilities; buried conveyance conduit independent of streets; swales or channels; bridges or culverts; outfalls to principal watercourses or their tributaries; and treatment(s) of existing watercourses. Also, any plans for reclaiming land within floodplain areas must be outlined.
- 6. Coordination and permitting of stormwater matters must be addressed. This is to include any specialized coordination that has occurred or is planned with other entities (local, state, or federal). This may include agencies such as Brazos County government, the Brazos River Authority, the Texas A&M University System, the Texas Department of Transportation, the Texas Commission for Environmental Quality, the US Army Corps of Engineers, the US Environmental Protection Agency, et al. Mention must be made of any permits, agreements, or understandings that pertain to the project.
- 7. Reference is to be made to the full drainage report (or the Technical Design Summary Report) which the executive summary represents. The principal elements of the main report (and its length), including any maps, drawings or construction documents, should be itemized. An example statement might be:

"One _____-page drainage report dated ______, one set of construction drawings (_____sheets) dated ______, and a ______-page specifications document dated ______ comprise the drainage report for this project."

Part 2 – Project Administration		Start (Page 2.1)				
Engineering and De	esian Profes	sional	s Inforr	mation		
Engineering Firm Name and Address:			Jurisdict			
		F	Date of	Submittal:		
				0.1		
Lead Engineer's Name and Contact Info.(p	onone, e-mail, [·]	fax):		Other:		
Supporting Engineering / Consulting Firm(s	s):	Other of	contacts:			
Developer / Ow	ner / Applic	ant Inf	ormatio	on		
Developer / Applicant Name and Address:				and e-mail:		
Property Owner(s) if not Developer / Applicant (& address):			Phone and e-mail:			
Proje	ect Identifica	ation				
Development Name:			-			
Is subject property a site project, a single-p		-				
	-		operty is	s phase of		
Legal description of subject property (phas (see Section II, Paragraph B-3a)	e) or Project /	Area:				
If subject property (phase) is second or later phase of a project, describe general status of all earlier phases. For most recent earlier phase Include submittal and review dates.						
General Location of Project Area, or subject property (phase):						
In City Limits?	Extraterritoria	al Jurisc	diction (a	acreage):		
Bryan: acres.	Bryan:	·····	_ Colle	ege Station:		
College Station: acres.	Acreage Out	side ET	J:			

Part 2 – Project Administration			Continued (page 2.2)			
Project Iden	tificatio	n (continued)			
Roadways abutting or within Project Area o subject property:						
Named Regulatory Watercourse(s) & Waters	shed(s):	Tributary Bas	sin(s):			
Plat Information For Proj	ect or S	ubject Prope	rty (or Phase)			
Preliminary Plat File #: Name:		at File #: and Vol/Pg:	Date:			
If two plats, second name: Status:			File #: Date:			
Zoning Information For Project or Subject Property (or Phase)						
Zoning Type: Existing of Case Date Status:	r Propose	ed?	Case Code:			
Zoning Type: Existing of Case Date Status:	r Propose	ed?	Case Code:			
Stormwater Management Planning	g For Pr	oject or Subj	ect Property (or Phase)			
Planning Conference(s) & Date(s): F	Participar	its:				
Preliminary Report Required? Subr	nittal Dat	e	Review Date			
Review Comments Addressed? Yes No In Writing? When? Compliance With Preliminary Drainage Report. Briefly describe (or attach documentation explaining) any deviation(s) from provisions of Preliminary Drainage Report, if any.						

Part 2 – Proje	Part 2 – Project Administration						Continued (page 2.3)		
	Coord	inatio	n For Proj	ect or	Subject Pro	per	ty (or Phase)		
							attach documentation tracts, or approvals.		
Coordination With Other Departments of Jurisdiction City (Bryan or College Station)	De	ept.	Conta	act:	Date:		Subject:		
Coordination Wit Non-jurisdiction City Needed? Yes No	ו	Summarize need(s) & actions taken (include contacts & dates):							
Coordination with Brazos County Needed? Yes No		Summarize need(s) & actions taken (include contacts & dates):							
Coordination with TxDOT Needed? Yes No _	n >	Summarize need(s) & actions taken (include contacts & dates):							
Coordination with	h S	Summarize need(s) & actions taken (include contacts & dates):							
Yes No									
	Per	mits F	For Project	or Su	bject Prope	rty ((or Phase)		
							ed work from any of the entities e in spaces below.		
Entity		Per	mitted or proved ?				tions (include dates)		
US Army Crops of Engineers	of								
No Yes _ US Environment									
Protection Agend									
No Yes _									
Texas Commissi Environmental Q									
No Yes									
Brazos River Authority									
NoYes _									

Part 3 – Pro	perty Characteristics	Start (Page 3.1)					
	Nature and Scope of Proposed Work						
Existing: Land	Existing: Land proposed for development currently used, including extent of impervious cover?						
Site Development Project (select all applicable)	 <u>Redevelopment</u> of one <u>platted</u> lot, or two or more adjoining <u>platted</u> lots. Building on a single <u>platted</u> lot of undeveloped land. Building on two or more <u>platted</u> adjoining lots of undeveloped land. Building on a single lot, or adjoining lots, where <u>proposed</u> plat will not form a new street (but may include ROW dedication to existing streets). Other (explain): 						
Subdivision Development Project	evelopment Construction of streets and utilities to serve one or more proposed lots on						
Describe Site projects: building use(s), approximate floor space, impervious cover ratio. Subdivisions: number of lots by general type of use, linear feet of streets and drainage easements or ROW. Size of Proposed Project Is any work planned on land that is not platted or on land for which platting is not pending? No Yes							
	FEMA Floodplains						
	bject property abutting a Named Regulatory Watercours agraph B1) or a tributary thereof?	e No Yes					
area of a FEMA	ubject property in floodplain No Yes I-regulated watercourse? No Yes	Rate Map					
	Encroachment purpose(s): Building site(s)	amending the FEMA-					

Part 3	B – Property	Character	ristics		Continued (Page 3.2)
	Hy	/drologic At	tributes of Su	bject Property	(or Phase)
Has an	earlier hydrol	ogic analysis l	been done for la	arger area includin	g subject property?
Yes	Reference th	e study (& dat	te) here, and att	ach copy if not alr	eady in City files.
	Is the stormw earlier study?				antial conformance with the with the with differs.
No		perty <u>is not</u> p property in Par		se project, describ	e stormwater management
	If property <u>is</u> part of multi-phase project, provide overview of stormwater management pl for Project Area here. In Part 4 describe how plan for subject property will comply therewith.				
				ty store or detain i outfall, model, etc	
Any kn Identify		or flooding pro	oblems in areas	near subject prop	erty? No Yes
	on location of able B-1 in App		y in a watershed	l, is Type 1 Deten	tion (flood control) needed?
	Detention is re	equired.	Need must b	e evaluated.	Detention not required.
If the m				ched? By whom?	
Type 1	eed for Detention e evaluated:	How was de	termination mad	de?	

Part 3 – Property Characteristics Continued				nued (Pa	ge 3.3)		
	Hydrologic Attributes of Subject Propert	y (or Pha	se) (cont	inued)			
	s subject property straddle a Watershed or Basin divide cribe splits below. In Part 4 describe design concept	for handlir	ng this.	_ Yes	lf yes,		
	Watershed or Basin	Larger a	creage	Lesser	acreage		
Abo	ove-Project Areas(Section II, Paragraph B3-a)						
	Does Project Area (project or phase) receive runoff from upland areas? No Yes Size(s) of area(s) in acres: 1) 2) 3) 4)						
-	Flow Characteristics (each instance) (overland sheet, s concentrated section(s), small creek (non-regulatory), r						
	Flow determination: Outline hydrologic methods and as	ssumptions	<u>.</u>				
					-		
	Does storm runoff drain from public easements or ROW No Yes If yes, describe facilities in e			ect prope	rty?		
	Are changes in runoff characteristics subject to change	in future?	Explain				
Con	weyance Pathways (Section II, Paragraph C2) Must runoff from study property drain across lower prop	ortion hofe	ro roachi		ulaton.		
		es	ne reachli	ny a Regl	natory		
	Describe length and characteristics of each conveyance property(ies).	e pathway(s). Incluc	le owners	hip of		

Pa	art 3 – I	Property	Characteristics	Continued (Page 3.4)				
		Hydrolo	gic Attributes of Subject Property (or Pha	ise) (continued)				
Co	Conveyance Pathways (continued)							
	Do drainage easements exist for any part of pathway(s)? No Yes		instrument. If instrument(s), describe thei					
			noff must cross lower properties, describe characties). (Existing watercourses? Easement or Cons					
Pathway Areas								
Dra	arby ainage	bridges, I	any built or improved drainage facilities existing r ined channels, buried conduit, swales, detention	ponds, etc).				
Fa	cilities		NoYes If yes, explain:					

Pa	art 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameter	<u>rs</u>	Start (Page 4.1)
	Stormwater Management Co	oncept	
Dis	scharge(s) <u>From</u> Upland Area(s)		
	If runoff is to be received from upland areas, what design d accommodate it and insure it is not blocked by future devel flow section, or discharge point.		
Dis	scharge(s) <u>To</u> Lower Property(ies) (Section II, Paragraph I	E1)	
	Does project include drainage features (existing or future) platting? No Yes Separate Instrume		
	Pre-	developm	Easements (Scenario 1) ent Release (Scenario 2) of the two Scenarios
	on each. (Attached Exhibit #) <u>Scenario 2:</u> Provide general description of how release(s) conditions (detention, sheet flow, partially concentrated, etc		
	Combination: If combination is proposed, explain how disc	charge wil	I differ from pre-
	development conditions at the property line for each area (
	If <u>Scenario 2</u> , or <u>Combination</u> are to be used, has proposed owner(s) of receiving property(ies)? No documentation.		

Part 4 – Drainage Conc	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.2)						
Storm	water Management	Concept (contin	ued)				
Within Project Area Of Multi	Phase Project						
Will project result in shifting runoff between Basins or	y gaining Basins or W	atersheds and acre	es shifting:				
		sign and mitigation is used to compensate for increased runoff ning basin or watershed?					
No Yes							
How will runoff from Projec Area be mitigated to pre-			ther development projects.				
development conditions?		-	ve overall Project Area.				
Select any or all of 1, 2, and/or 3, and explain below		e (or site) project t	asis within Project Area.				
Project Area): (Attached E) 2. <u>For Overall Project Area</u>	(type & location of fac						
3. <u>By phase (or site) project</u> subsequent questions of the	s Part.	-					
project(s)?	vstems proposed?	No Ye	s In which phase(s) or				
Are other Best Ma	Yes Summarize typ	be of BMP and exte					
ראיי ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר ר	eck type facility(ies) ar lements Con	nd explain in later q duit elements	Channel features				
 ✓ Swales Ditches Inlets Valley gutters Outfalls Culvert features BridgesOther 							

Pa	rt 4 – Dra	inage Concept and De	esign Param	ete	rs	Contin	ued (Page 4.3)		
	Stormwater Management Concept (continued)								
Wi	thin <u>Project</u>	Area Of Multi-Phase Proje	ect (continued)					
		: Area include bridge(s) or cι e and In which phase(s).	ulvert(s)?	_ No	Y	es Identif	y type and		
	If detention/retention serves (will serve) overall Project Area, describe how it relates to subject phase or site project (physical location, conveyance pathway(s), construction sequence):								
Wi	thin Or Serv	ving Subject Property (Pha	se, or Site)						
		part of larger Project Area, is for larger area? Yes							
		ether each of the types of dra I characteristics.	ainage feature:	s liste	ed below	are include	d, extent of use,		
	<u>د</u>				faces?				
	es used Yes	Steepest side slopes:	Usual front s	opes	5:	Jsual back	slopes:		
	Are roadside ditches used? No Yes	Flow line slopes: least typical greatest			Typical distance from travelway: (Attached Exhibit #)				
	Are roa	Are longitudinal culvert ends in compliance with B-CS Standard Specifications? YesNo, then explain:							
	ith curb lsed? Yes	At intersections or otherwis	e, do valley gu If yes explain:	tters	cross art	erial or coll	ector streets?		
	Are streets with curb and gutter used? NoYe	Are valley gutters proposed to cross any street away from an intersection? No Yes Explain: (number of locations?)							

Pa	rt 4 – I	Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.4)
		Stormwater Management Concept (continued)
Wi	thin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)
		Gutter line slopes: Least Usual Greatest
		Are inlets <u>recessed</u> on arterial and collector streets? <u>Yes</u> No If "no", identify where and why.
	id?	Will inlets capture 10-year design stormflow to prevent flooding of intersections (arterial with arterial or collector)? Yes No If no, explain where and why not.
	d gutter use)	Will inlet size and placement prevent exceeding allowable water spread for 10-year design storm throughout site (or phase)? Yes No If no, explain.
	Are streets with curb and gutter used? (continued)	Sag curves: Are inlets placed at low points? Yes No Are inlets and conduit sized to prevent 100-year stormflow from ponding at greater than 24 inches? Yes No Explain "no" answers.
	Are st	Will 100-yr stormflow be contained in combination of ROW and buried conduit on whole length of all streets? Yes No If no, describe where and why.
		Do designs for curb, gutter, and inlets comply with B-CS Technical Specifications? YesNo If not, describe difference(s) and attach justification.
		Are any 12-inch laterals used? No Yes Identify length(s) and where used.
	n used? Yes	Pipe runs between system access points (feet): Typical Longest
ls storm drain system used? NoYes		Are junction boxes used at each bend?YesNo If not, explain where and why.
	ls stor	Are downstream soffits at or below upstream soffits? Yes No If not, explain where and why: Least amount that hydraulic grade line is below gutter line (system-wide):

<u>Part 4 –</u>	Drair	nage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.5	5)		
		Stormwater Management Concept (continued)			
Within Or	Servi	ng Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)			
ces)		Describe watercourse(s), or system(s) receiving system discharge(s) below (include design discharge velocity, and angle between converging flow lines).			
re instanc		1) Watercourse (or system), velocity, and angle?			
i (continued) e info. for mo	()	2) Watercourse (or system), velocity, and angle?			
Storm drain system (continued) sheet provide same info. for mc	Outfall(s)	3) Watercourse (or system), velocity, and angle?			
Storm drain system (continued) (on separate sheet provide same info. for more instances)		For each outfall above, what measures are taken to prevent erosion or scour of receiving and all facilities at juncture? 1) 2) 3)			
	Num	swale(s) situated along property lines between properties? No Ye uber of instances: For each instance answer the following questions.	ŝ		
Are swales used to drain streets?					
		V in all instances? Yes No If "no" explain:	,		

Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.6)						
	Stormwater Management Concept (continued)						
Wi	thin Or :	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)					
	Roadside Ditches	Are roadside ditches used?NoYes If so, provide the following: Is 25-year flow contained with 6 inches of freeboard throughout ?YesNo Are top of banks separated from road shoulders 2 feet or more?YesNo Are all ditch sections trapezoidal and at least 1.5 feet deep?YesNo For any "no" answers provide location(s) and explain:					
		If conduit is beneath a swale, provide the following information (each instance).					
		Instance 1 Describe general location, approximate length:					
	Yes es)	Is 100-year design flow contained in conduit/swale combination? Yes No If "no" explain:					
	No _ stanc	Space for 100-year storm flow? ROW Easement Width					
	itional ins	SwaleSurface type, minimum and maximum slopes:Conduit Type and size, minimum and maximum slopes, design storm:					
	used in lieu of open channels? No same information for any additional instances)	Inlets Describe how conduit is loaded (from streets/storm drains, inlets by type):					
	lieu of opei Iformation	<u>Access</u> Describe how maintenance access is provided (to swale, into conduit):					
	used in same ir	Instance 2 Describe general location, approximate length:					
	wale/conduit combinations (on separate sheet provide	Is 100-year design flow contained in conduit/swale combination? Yes No If "no" explain:					
	ombi	Space for 100-year storm flow? ROW Easement Width					
	induit co parate s	SwaleSurface type, minimum and maximum slopes:Conduit Slopes, design storm:					
	Are swale/conduit combinations (on separate sheet provide	Inlets Describe how conduit is loaded (from streets/storm drains, inlets by type):					
	Are	<u>Access</u> Describe how maintenance access is provided (to swale, into conduit):					

APPENDIX D – TECHNICAL	DESIGN SUMMARY
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Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.7)						
		Stormwater Management Concept (continue	d)				
Wi	Within Or Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)						
		If "yes" provide the following information for each instance:					
		Instance 1 Describe general location, approximate length, su	ırfacing:				
	rom Explain						
	from Exp						
	Will swales without buried conduit receive runoff from ic ROW or easements? NoYes. Exp	Is 100-year design flow contained in swale?Yes within drainage ROW?YesNo Explain "no"	No Is swale wholly answers:				
	eceiv	Access Describe how maintenance access is provide:					
	nduit r∈ No						
	8 p	Instance 2 Describe general location, approximate length, su	ırfacing:				
	it burie ents?						
	ithou sem	Is 100-year design flow contained in swale? Yes					
	Will swales without buri public ROW or easements?	within drainage ROW? Yes No Explain "no"	answers:				
	Vill sv c ROV	<u>Access</u> Describe how maintenance access is provided:					
	۷ publid						
		Instance 3, 4, etc. If swales are used in more than two instar providing all above information for each instance.	nces, attach sheet				
		<u>"New" channels:</u> Will any area(s) of concentrated flow be ch widened, or straightened) or otherwise altered? <u>No</u> shaped, see "Swales" in this Part. If creating side banks, prov	Yes If only slightly				
	Channel improvements proposed?	Will design replicate natural channel? Yes No describe section shape & area, flow line slope (min. & max.), s design flow, and amount of freeboard: Instance 1:	If "no", for each instance				
	roveme	Instance 2:					
	Channel imp No	Instance 3:					

Par	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.8)						
		Stormwater Management Concept (continued)					
Witl	hin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)					
		Existing channels (small creeks): Are these used? No Yes If "yes" provide the information below.					
		Will small creeks and their floodplains remain undisturbed? Yes No How many disturbance instances? Identify each planned location:					
	Channel Improvements (continued)	For each location, describe length and general type of proposed improvement (including floodplain changes):					
		For each location, describe section shape & area, flow line slope (min. & max.), surfaces, and 100-year design flow.					
		Watercourses (and tributaries): Aside from fringe changes, are Regulatory Watercourses proposed to be altered? No Yes Explain below.					
		Submit full report describing proposed changes to Regulatory Watercourses. Address existing and proposed section size and shape, surfaces, alignment, flow line changes, length affected, and capacity, and provide full documentation of analysis procedures and data. Is full report submitted? Yes No If "no" explain:					
		All Proposed Channel Work: For all proposed channel work, provide information requested in next three boxes.					
		If design is to replicate natural channel, identify location and length here, and describe design in Special Design section of this Part of Report.					
		Will 100-year flow be contained with one foot of freeboard? Yes No If not, identify location and explain:					
		Are ROW / easements sized to contain channel and required maintenance space? Yes No If not, identify location(s) and explain:					

Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.9)								
	Stormwater Management Concept (continued)								
Wi	thin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Si	ite) (continu	ied)					
	How many facilities for subject property project? For each provide info. below.								
		For each dry-type facilitiy:	Faci	lity 1	Facility 2				
		Acres served & design volume + 10%							
		100-yr volume: free flow & plugged							
		Design discharge (10 yr & 25 yr)							
		Spillway crest at 100-yr WSE?	yes	no	yes	no			
			yes	no	yes	no			
		Explain any "no" answers:							
	etention Facilities Proposed? NoYes	For each facility what is 25-yr design Q, Facility 1: Facility 2: Do outlets and spillways discharge into Facility 1: Yes No If "no" explain: For each, what is velocity of 25-yr desig Facility 1: &	a public faci Facility 2: n discharge _ Facility	lity in ease Ye at <u>outlet</u> ? 2:	ement or ROW? s No & at <u>spillway</u> ? &				
	Are D	For each, is spillway surface treatment of Facility 1: Facility 2:	other than co	oncrete?	Yes or no, and	describe:			
		For each, what measures are taken to prevent erosion or scour at receiving facility Facility 1: Facility 2:							
		If berms are used give heights, slopes a Facility 1:	and surface t	reatments	of sides.				
		Facility 2:							

<u>Part 4 –</u>	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.10)					
	Stormwater Management Concept (continued)					
Within Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)					
SB	Do structures comply with B-CS Specifications? Yes or no Facility 1;	o, and explain if "no":				
Detention Facilities (continued)	Facility 2:					
Dete)	For additional facilities provide all same information on a se	parate sheet.				
	Are parking areas to be used for detention? No maximum depth due to required design storm?	Yes What is				
	Roadside Ditches: Will culverts serve access driveways at No Yes If "yes", provide information in next tw	o boxes.				
	Will 25-yr. flow pass without flowing over driveway in all cas Without causing flowing or standing water on public roadwa Designs & materials comply with B-CS Technical Specificat Explain any "no" answers:	y? Yes No				
s used at private crossings?	Are culverts parallel to public roadway alignment? Y	esNo Explain:				
ed at priv	Creeks at Private Drives: Do private driveways, drives, or ways that serve Above-Project areas or are in public easem No Yes If "yes" provide information below.	5				
	How many instances? Describe location and prov	ide information below.				
Are culvert	Location 2:					
	Location 3:					
	For each location enter value for: 1	2 3				
	Design year passing without toping travelway?					
	Water depth on travelway at 25-year flow?					
	on separate sheet.					

<u>Pa</u>	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.11)						
		Stormwater Management Concept	(continu	ied)			
Wit	thin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continu	ied)				
		Named Regulatory Watercourses (& Tributaries) facilities? No Yes, then provide full criteria, analysis, computer programs, and study find design(s). Is report provided? Yes No	report do lings tha	cume t supp	nting assu ort propos	Imptions,	
	et)	Arterial or Major Collector Streets: Will culverts	serve the	ese typ	pes of roa	dways?	
	te shee	No Yes How many instances? location and provide the information below.					
	Yes para	Instance 1:					
	sep	Instance 2:					
	u ou	Instance 3:					
	No matio	Yes or No for the 100-year design flow:	1		2	3	
	form N	Headwater WSE 1 foot below lowest curb top?					
	js? same int	Spread of headwater within ROW or easement?					
		Is velocity limited per conditions (Table C-11)?					
	used at public roadway crossings? No Yes any type describe location and same information on separate sheet)	Explain any "no" answer(s):					
	cribe	Minor Collector or Local Streets: Will culverts serve these types of streets?					
	des	No Yes How many instances? location and provide the information below:		fore	each ident	ify the	
	at pı ype	Instance 1:					
	sed a	Instance 2:					
		Instance 3:					
	Are culverts (for more instances of	For each instance enter value, or "yes" / "no" for:	1		2	3	
	e cu Istar	Design yr. headwater WSE 1 ft. below curb top?					
	re ir	100-yr. max. depth at street crown 2 feet or less?					
	om	Product of velocity (fps) & depth at crown (ft) = ?					
	(for	Is velocity limited per conditions (Table C-11)?					
		Limit of down stream analysis (feet)?					
		Explain any "no" answers:					

Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.12)					
		Stormwater Management Concept (continued)				
Wi	thin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)				
		All Proposed Culverts: For all proposed culvert facilities (except driveway/roadside ditch intersects) provide information requested in next eight boxes.				
	Culverts (continued)	Do culverts and travelways intersect at 90 degrees? Yes No If not, identify location(s) and intersect angle(s), and justify the design(s):				
		Does drainage way alignment change within or near limits of culvert and surfaced approaches thereto? No Yes If "yes" identify location(s), describe change(s), and justification:				
		Are flumes or conduit to discharge into culvert barrel(s)? No Yes If yes, identify location(s) and provide justification:				
		Are flumes or conduit to discharge into or near surfaced approaches to culvert ends? No Yes If "yes" identify location(s), describe outfall design treatment(s):				
		Is scour/erosion protection provided to ensure long term stability of culvert structural components, and surfacing at culvert ends? Yes No If "no" Identify locations and provide justification(s):				
		Will 100-yr flow and spread of backwater be fully contained in street ROW, and/or drainage easements/ ROW? Yes No if not, why not?				
		Do appreciable hydraulic effects of any culvert extend downstream or upstream to neighboring land(s) not encompassed in subject property? No Yes If "yes" describe location(s) and mitigation measures:				
		Are all culvert designs and materials in compliance with B-CS Tech. Specifications? YesNo If not, explain in Special Design Section of this Part.				

APPENDIX D -	- TECHNICAL	DESIGN	SUMMARY
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Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design ParametersContinued (Page 4.13)						
	Stormwater Management Concept (continued)						
Wi	thin Or	Serving Subject Property (Phase, or Site) (continued)					
		Is a bridge included in plans for subject property project? _ If "yes" provide the following information.	No Yes				
	Bridge(s)	Name(s) and functional classification of the roadway(s)?					
		What drainage way(s) is to be crossed?					
		A full report supporting all aspects of the proposed bridge(s hydrologic, and hydraulic factors) must accompany this sun provided? Yes No If "no" explain:					
	Water Quality	Is a Stormwater Provide a general description of planned techniques: Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P) established for project construction? No Yes					
	Specia	al Designs – Non-Traditional Methods					
	Are any non-traditional methods (aquatic echosystems, wetland-type detention, natural stream replication, BMPs for water quality, etc.) proposed for any aspect of subject property project?						
	Provide full report about the proposed special design(s) including rationale for use and expected benefits. Report must substantiate that stormwater management objectives will not be compromised, and that maintenance cost will not exceed those of traditional design solution(s). Is report provided? Yes No If "no" explain:						

Pa	rt 4 – Drainage Concept ar	nd Design Parameters	Continued (Page 4.14)							
	Stormwater	Management Concept (continu	ued)							
Wi	thin Or Serving Subject Propert	y (Phase, or Site) (continued)								
	Special Designs – Deviation From B-CS Technical Specifications									
	If any design(s) or material(s) of traditional runoff-handling facilities deviate from provisions of B-CS Technical Specifications, check type facility(ies) and explain by specific detail element. Detention elements Drain system elements Channel features Culvert features Ditches Inlets Outfalls Valley gutters Bridges (explain in bridge report)									
	In table below briefly identify spe	cific element, justification for deviat	ion(s).							
	Specific Detail Element	Justification for Deviation (attach								
	1)									
	2)									
	3)									
	4)									
	5)									
	above provide "yes" or "no", acti	d with the City Engineer or her/his d on date, and staff name:	esignee? For each item							
	1)									
	2)									
	3)									
	4)									
	5)									
		Design Parameters								
Hy	drology									
	Is a map(s) showing all Design Drainage Areas provided? Yes No Briefly summarize the range of applications made of the Rational Formula:									
	What is the size and location of la has been applied? acro	argest Design Drainage Area to whi es Location (or identifier):	ich the Rational Formula							

Pa	Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters Continued (Page 4.15)								
	Desigr	Paramete	ers (contir	nued)					
Hy	drology (continued)								
	In making determinations for time of concentration, was segment analysis used? <u>No</u> Yes In approximately what percent of Design Drainage Areas? <u>%</u> As to intensity-duration-frequency and rain depth criteria for determining runoff flows, were any criteria other than those provided in these Guidelines used? <u>No</u> Yes If "yes" identify type of data, source(s), and where applied:								
	For each of the stormwater manage frequencies (year) analyzed (or che						retu	irn	
	Feature			Analysi	s Ye	ear(s)	D	esign Year	
	Storm drain system for arterial and collector streets								
	Storm drain system for local streets	Storm drain system for local streets							
	Open channels								
	Swale/buried conduit combination in	n lieu of char	nnel						
	Swales								
	Roadside ditches and culverts servi	ng them							
	Detention facilities: spillway crest a	nd its outfall							
	Detention facilities: outlet and conv	eyance strue	cture(s)						
	Detention facilities: volume when ou	itlet plugged							
	Culverts serving private drives or st	reets							
	Culverts serving public roadways								
	Bridges: provide in bridge report.								
Hy	draulics								
	What is the range of design flow velocities as outlined below?								
	Design flow velocities; Gutters Conduit		Culverts Swale		Swale	es Channels			
	Highest (feet per second)								
	Lowest (feet per second)								
	Streets and Storm Drain Systems	Provide the	e summary	information	on o	utlined b	pelo	w:	
	-	For street g							
	For conduit type(s) Coefficients:								

rt 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters	Continued (Page 4.16)
Design Parameters (continued)	
draulics (continued)	
Street and Storm Drain Systems (continued)	
For the following, are assumptions other than allowable per Guidelin Inlet coefficients? No Yes Head and friction losses Explain any "yes" answer:	
In conduit is velocity generally increased in the downstream direction Are elevation drops provided at inlets, manholes, and junction boxes Explain any "no" answers:	
Are hydraulic grade lines calculated and shown for design storm? _ For 100-year flow conditions? Yes No Explain any '	
Open Channels If a HEC analysis is utilized, does it follow Sec VI.	F.5.a? Yes No
Outside of straight sections, is flow regime within limits of sub-critica If "no" list locations and explain:	l flow? Yes No
Culverts If plan sheets do not provide the following for each culve	rt, describe it here.
For each design discharge, will operation be outlet (barrel) control or	inlet control?
Entrance, friction and exit losses:	

Part 4 – Drainage Concept and Design Parameters	rainage Concept and Design Parameters
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Continued (Page 4.17)

Design Parameters (continued)

Computer Software

What computer software has been used in the analysis and assessment of stormwater management needs and/or the development of facility designs proposed for subject property project? List them below, being sure to identify the software name and version, the date of the version, any applicable patches and the publisher

Part 5 – Plans and Specifications

Requirements for submittal of construction drawings and specifications do not differ due to use of a Technical Design Summary Report. See Section III, Paragraph C3.

Part 6 – Conclusions and Attestation

Conclusions

Add any concluding information here:

Attestation

Provide attestation to the accuracy and completeness of the foregoing 6 Parts of this Technical Design Summary Drainage Report by signing and sealing below.

"This report (plan) for the drainage design of the development named in Part B was prepared by me (or under my supervision) in accordance with provisions of the Bryan/College Station Unified Drainage Design Guidelines for the owners of the property. All licenses and permits required by any and all state and federal regulatory agencies for the proposed drainage improvements have been issued or fall under applicable general permits."

(Affix Seal)

Licensed Professional Engineer

State of Texas PE No.__